

Intimations.

A. S. WATSON & CO.

FAMILY AND DISPENSING
CHEMISTS,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DRUGGISTS,
DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES,
PERFUMERS,
IMPORTERS AND EXPORTERSOF
MANILA CIGARS,
WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS,
AND
MANUFACTURERSOF
AERATED WATERS.THE HONGKONG DISPENSARY,
ESTABLISHED A.D. 1841.THE SHANGHAI PHARMACY,
24, NANKIN ROAD, SHANGHAI.BOTICA INGLESA,
14, ESCOLTA, MANILA.THE CANTON DISPENSARY, CANTON.
'THE DISPENSARY, FOCHOW. [3

The Hongkong Telegraph

HONGKONG, WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 14, 1883.

We have not the pleasure of knowing Mr. MARCUS PREHN of Denmark, but in common honesty we are bound to admit that he is, so far as our ideas go, a victim of the law's eccentricities and a very badly used man. We have the honor of being acquainted with Mr. HENRY E. WOODHOUSE, police magistrate, coroner, and superintendent of the Fire Brigade, and although outside his official "pidgin," we consider him one of the best of good fellows, and love him with a love which completely overshadows the historical affection of JONATHAN for DAVID, we are compelled conscientiously to place on record our opinion, that if the Government could find a snug sinecure for this worthy gentleman where the fierce light of public opinion does not necessarily shine, it would be a very good thing for Mr. WOODHOUSE and a most excellent thing for the Government and community of Hongkong. As we have said, Mr. WOODHOUSE is undoubtedly a capital fellow and a social success; but it is equally certain that he has hitherto proved a most indifferent Coroner and a thoroughly unreliable Magistrate. We are sorry to have to say these harsh things; it cuts us to the quick to have to write offensively of an official who has striven hard against many difficulties to master his position, and for whose personal qualities we have a high regard; but we owe a duty to the public, which we cannot with credit to ourselves attempt to shirk.

Mr. MARCUS PREHN of Denmark, an overseer of works in the service of our local architects, Messrs. BIRD and PALMER, is at present, and has for some time past been employed in superintending the construction of Sir GEORGE PHILLIPPO's house, somewhere in the distant regions of Victoria Peak. MARCUS is the proud possessor of a dog—we are not acquainted with the animal's breed or pedigree, but that is of no consequence—a noble animal we are told; in fact, as SPENCER puts it, in summing up the virtues of the celebrated hound Gelert, "a lamb at home, a lion in the chase." On the 31st ult. Mr. PREHN's "lamb at home" is said to have, without just cause or reason, suddenly and inconveniently become "a lion in the chase."

In plain English, this "dawg" is said to have taken a great fancy to the flesh of a gentleman of the coolie persuasion named KU AON, and in consequence of the injuries sustained by the said KU AON through the noble animal kicking his grinders in a certain portion of this worthy person's anatomy, the redoubtable MARCUS, notwithstanding that he was employed on the premises of the worthy Chief Justice, was haled up before the magistrate, and charged with the heinous offence of allowing a ferocious dog to be at large unmuzzled. And here endeth the first act.

Mr. MARCUS PREHN of Denmark is apparently a respectable man. He holds an onerous and responsible appointment from a leading firm of surveyors and architects, and his record is an eminently creditable one for a person in his position and of his class. If MARCUS has a weakness it is a strong penchant for this old-fashioned biped of his—described on the charge sheet as a ferocious dog. MARCUS has been up to the Magistrate on two previous occasions on account of his faithful four-footed friend's peculiarities, but on each of these occasions he has made a very decent show. However, give a dog a bad name, and the sooner you bury him the better will it be for you. And such would appear to be the opinion of Mr. H. E. WOODHOUSE.

Mr. KU AON charged Mr. MARCUS PREHN's dog with having torn his jacket

and inflicted a bite which caused an abrasion on his side. A Chinese, looking on his side, the police sergeant in charge of the Gap Station gave evidence that the complainant came and showed him a slight abrasion on his side, at the same time complaining of having been bitten. So far all was clear as day. But now the valiant MARCUS steps into the arena, and states that his dog never bit anyone, and that the abrasion on the man's side was caused by a thrashing he received from one of the foremen for stealing a blanket. Three Chinese witnesses were called for the defence, two of whom deposed to having been in defendant's company the whole time, without seeing the dog bite anybody, whilst the other stoutly asserted that the dog was not there at all. Now, here was a pretty kettle of fish for the magistrate to unravel. It was quite evident that one side had committed perjury, and it was most probable that both had been indulging in innocent romance; but in any case the affair was a most paltry one, and ought to have been treated as such.

And how did Mr. WOODHOUSE treat it? Well, after stating his conviction that there was no doubt about the dog having bitten the complainant, he sentenced Mr. PREHN to pay a fine of £5 sterling. Defendant, who is a man of years, (we quote from our report of the case) seemed quite astounded for a moment, but recovering himself, said he had no £5 to pay. His Worship replied that in that case he would have to go to goal for three months with hard labor. A more scandalous and unequal judgment than this was never delivered in a Hongkong court of justice—and that is saying a great deal. The enormity of his blunder, which was, no doubt, caused by hasty temper or petulance, apparently struck Mr. WOODHOUSE very quickly, as he amended his verdict by substituting 14 days' imprisonment for the three months' hard labour—and Mr. PREHN went to prison, to herd with convicts and felons, the scum of the Far East, and for doing what? It is extremely doubtful from the evidence if the dog did actually bite the coolie—the odds are that he did not; but if he did, the injury was a most insignificant one, so insignificant as to be scarcely worthy of notice. We should imagine that the sentence passed by Mr. WOODHOUSE on Mr. PREHN has had no parallel in the annals of Hongkong Police Court justice since Mr. JNO. J. FRANCIS, a few years ago, fined Mr. THOMAS INK BOWLER \$25 for committing no criminal offence whatever. Had it been clearly proved that the so-called ferocious dog actually did bite the complainant to his injury, a reasonable magistrate would probably have fined the defendant a small amount, giving him the option of destroying the dog. But in this case the proof was certainly not conclusive, and under any circumstances the sentence was scandalous. Happy three months' imprisonment with hard labor for possessing a dog which bit a coolie and a portion of the flesh of his side. Further comment would be superfluous. Mr. WOODHOUSE's second sentence condemns the first. It is for Governor BOWEN and the high judicial authorities to decide whether it is to the best interests of the administration of justice in this colony that incompetents of the WOODHOUSE type should be permitted to bring our tribunals into contempt and ridicule with the entire colony.

TELEGRAMS.

LONDON, November 13th.
THE SERVIAN REBELLION QUELLED.
News has been received that the Servian troops have dispersed the insurgents. The uprising is, therefore, practically quelled.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

A REGULAR Lodge of St. John's, No. 618, will be held in Freemasons' Hall, Zetland Street, this evening, at 8 for 8.30 precisely.

THE British steamer Ocean will dock at the Cosmopolitan, and the German ship Otto will undock at Aberdeen, this afternoon.

WE are informed by the Agents, Messrs. Russell & Co., that the Union Line steamer Messier left Singapore for Hongkong this morning, and may be expected to arrive here on the 21st inst.

MR. BARTLEY O'BRIEN, the indefatigable advance Agent of the Loftus Troupe, has been busy himself with the approaching arrival of the troupe, getting the necessary scenery ready and making the requisite arrangements for the appearance of the company on the 22nd inst., as they are expected to arrive here on Sunday next.

SAYS the Boston Post:—"The sense of responsibility experienced by our public servants has grown sensibly weaker during recent years, and they give to their accepted public duties, not their whole working time and best talents, but only the residue after the demands of their private business are satisfied. When shall we get back, under such 'discouraging' circumstances, to pure and effective legislation?" The New York Sun replies—"When we have turned the rascals out."

A REGULAR Lodge of Perseverance, No. 1765, will be held in Freemasons' Hall, Zetland Street, to-morrow evening, the 15th inst., at 9 o'clock precisely.

TURKEY is reported as being desirous of entering the German alliance, and promises, in the event of a Franco-German war, to assail France in Tunis and Algeria.

"I ALWAYS have sense enough to know when to stop drinking," remarked Sandy. "I thought you generally stopped because you hadn't cents enough to keep on," said Zenas.

IN England and the United States, helresses occasionally clope with coachmen, but in Italy they take a step lower in the social scale. In Rome a duke's daughter has lately eloped with a poet.

It is reported that Sarah Bernhardt is to be decorated with the Order of the Garter. "Honi soit qui mal y pense," to be sure; but the newspaper man who suggests that it will drop off if she doesn't have it glued on, should be transported for life.

ROBERT WHEELER, of Silver Creek, Miss., was born in 1775, and is 108 years old. His parents were of pure African blood, and were captured on the coast of Guinea and taken to America in a slave ship. Bob has had eight wives and fifty-four children, fifty of whom were sons.

In the summer, in Madrid, after 11 a.m., you stumble everywhere on a sleeping Spaniard taking his siesta, undisturbed as with us by any policeman or lunkhead. All along the Calle Alcala you meet Manuel or Pedro in the arms of Morpheus. The Spaniards say that only "English and dogs walk in the sun."

THE herring fisheries of Scotland employ nearly 500,000 people, one-seventh of the population. The boats represent a money value of \$3,600,000. The annual yield of cured fish has risen from 90,000 barrels early in the century to 1,200,000, and has trebled in fifty years, while in the same period the value of the nets has increased 75 per cent.

A ORRIVOUS story is reported from New Jersey of the arrest of an entire family on charges of intoxication. It shows a terrible moral degradation when a girl of 17 and a boy of 11 can urge as an excuse for being drunk that they were following the example set by their mother. What a shocking sacrilege against the most sacred of human ties!

EXPERIMENTS have been made near Coblenz with a view of making ravens take the place of carrier pigeons. The ravens have the advantage over the pigeons of being less liable to attacks from birds of prey. Some ravens covered a distance of forty miles, but the London Field thinks it very improbable that they could ever be trustworthy as messengers.

A LICENCED street obstructionist, otherwise a chair coolie, "recreated" himself last night at the Ko Shing theatre by throwing nuts from the gallery on to the craniums of the crowd in the pit below, an attention which the latter failed to appreciate. The practical joker was called upon by the Magistrate this morning to pay \$4 for his illegal amusement, or do 14 days' in "Hayward's Repose." He elected to pay.

AN object lesson in the transmutation of virtues is conveyed in this paragraph from an exchange: "Tennyson can take a worthless sheet of paper, and by writing a poem on it make it worth \$5,000. That's genius. Vanderbilt can write a few words on a sheet, and make it worth \$5,000,000. That's capital. The United States can take an ounce and a quarter of gold, and stamp upon it 'eagle bird' and 'twenty dollars.' That's money. The mechanic can take the material worth \$5, and make it into a watch worth \$100. That's skill. The merchant can take an article worth twenty-five cents and sell it for \$1. That's business. A lady can purchase a very comfortable bonnet for \$10, but she prefers to pay \$100. That's foolishness. The ditch digger works ten hours a day and shovels out three or four tons of earth for \$3. That's labor."

WE are very glad to be able to state that His Excellency the Governor has fortunately escaped any serious injuries from the accident which happened yesterday afternoon. It appears that Sir George was in the act of mounting the pony, when the animal suddenly started, causing him to lose his balance and fall rather heavily to the ground. His Excellency is no light weight, and, of course, was badly shaken. On inquiring at Government House this morning, we were pleased to learn that, beyond a bruise on the muscles of the left thigh and a severe shaking, His Excellency was none the worse for his accident, although, of course, he is, and probably will be for a few days, confined to his room. We sincerely hope that Sir George Bowen will soon get over this unfortunate contretemps, as, apart altogether from affairs political, His Excellency is said to be a genuine sportsman, and we shall be disappointed if he does not take a prominent part in our forthcoming training season.

WE have to acknowledge the receipt from the office of the British North Borneo Company of a copy of the "Estate Coolies' and Laborers' Protection Proclamation of 1883," issued by command of Mr. W. H. Treacher, Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the new territory. After a careful perusal of the Proclamation in question, we must confess that, to our mind, it is one of the fairest things of its kind we have ever seen, and reflects great credit on whomsoever compiled it. The rights of employer and employed are so very clearly stated, that the chance of any misunderstanding arising between the interested parties is very remote. The general tone of the Proclamation is of such a nature as to inspire confidence in the numerous Chinese coolie class who are in search of work in a more profitable field of labor than their own country, while it sufficiently protects the employer against fraud and imposition. The publication of such a Proclamation, showing, as it does, that the territory of North Borneo is to be governed on thoroughly advanced principles, cannot fail to materially aid in the rapid colonization of the "New Eldorado."

STREET cleaning, repairing and maintenance in Paris, official returns show, cost \$1,680,000 a year.

THE Amalita assault case was further remanded this morning to the 20th instant, the subpoena not having been served on Captain Thebaud, who was reported to have left the colony.

FOR stealing seven wooden pickets, the property of the Royal Engineer Department, which were fixed in position at Belcher's Point for surveying purposes, a coolie named Wong Aying was sent to a month's hard labour this morning by Mr. Wodehouse.

A FRENCH agent has been commissioned to visit the manufacturing cities of the United States to study the machinery and modes of working, for the purpose of gaining information which may better enable France to cope with American competition throughout the world.

It is announced that a process has been discovered for taking photographs in natural colors, the colors being produced by the action of the light alone in the camera, and owing nothing to the pencil of the artist. In the photographs taken the coloring was quite true to nature, and the delicate tones and shades were clear to the view.

AN Oxfordshire baronet has left his estate to his confidential valet, who had lived in his service from boyhood. The baronet, a hot-tempered man, in early life struck and killed a servant. The valet, then a page boy, was the only person who saw the deed done. He testified strongly in his master's favor, and remained in his service until his death.

PERHAPS the handsomest book that has issued from the English press in recent years is the "Life of Don John of Austria," on which the late Sir W. Stirling Maxwell, second husband of Mrs. Norton, spared no labor or research, and his representatives have spared no expense. It appears in two folio volumes, in an edition of only 115 copies, at the price of 25 guineas.

CHUN KU LIN, 24, of Nambou, described as a Colonel, was fined \$5 or seven days' imprisonment, by Mr. Wodehouse this morning, for being found in possession of 3 tins of prepared opium yesterday, without having a valid certificate. The Colonel, of course, who had also to forfeit the drug, stumped up the Mexicans instantly. He was probably unaware of the full scope of the opium laws obtaining in the Colony, but as the legal maxim has it, Ignorantia non excusat legem.

ALEXANDRE DUMAS, fils, has undertaken a crusade against the increasing luxury and realism of scenery and dress on the stage. There is something to be said for M. Dumas's contention, but at the same time we fancy that any attempt to combat the present costly tendencies of the stage is indeed hopeless. After all, with all our realism and all our extravagance, we have not yet reached the point attained by the Romans, who came at last to insist on having real houses burned down in plays where conflagrations occurred, and real deaths in their tragedies.

M. CLEMENCEAU, who is now 42 years of age, has a Bittén doggedness of character which makes him scornful of compromise. He has voted in critical divisions against every Liberal Republican Ministry, having helped to overthrow Dufaure, then Waddington, afterwards Dr. Freycinet, next Gambetta, and then Dr. Freycinet again. His chief hostility was directed against Gambetta. He had, at his native place of Montmaur, practised as a physician before entering the political field, and won great local popularity by establishing a free dispensary.

JOHN BRIGHT has not touched wine or spirits for ten years, and finds his health improved and power of work increased by this abstinence. Froide has taken wine and smoked in moderation all his life. The real question, he thinks, is not whether work can be best done immediately after taking stimulants, but whether stimulants taken in non-working or after working hours do not make us more able to exert ourselves at the proper time. Canon Farrar has been a total abstainer for six years. Wilkie Collins drinks chiefly champagne, and is a glutton of tobacco.

AN instance of Chinese marital affection came before Mr. Wodehouse at the Police Court this morning. The wife of a prisoner in goal who stands committed for trial at the Supreme Court, paid a visit to her husband yesterday, bringing a jacket with her. This she handed to her "old man" in the most innocent manner, but the experienced and sharp-eyed Eusebio Lisole de Rocha, an old employe in the goal, thought he would have a look round at the various intricacies of the garment to see what he could find. He was rewarded by the discovery of two small pieces of opium drops sewn neatly inside the lining, and, as a consequence, the poor old woman, over whose head six decades of summers have passed, was made a prisoner of. A fine of a dollar, or 7 days' imprisonment, was imposed by the magistrate, and we are sorry to say that the affectionate one went to goal, not having the wherewithal to pay the fine. Here is a splendid opportunity for the generous hearted.

ABOUT 1 p.m. yesterday, Mak Asing, the Government scavenging and night-soil contractor last year, was found in a comatose state at his temporary residence in Jardine's Bazaar, East Point, where he had put up to look after the carrying out of a contract he held for the construction of new drains and for raising the road. He was sent to the Civil Hospital, but died on the way. Opium poisoning is believed to have been the cause of death. An inquest has been ordered for this afternoon, to take place after that on the body of the Chinese boy who died on Monday from the effects of the injuries he sustained by a fall from a scaffolding at Messrs. Melchers & Co.'s office, as reported in our yesterday's issue. Strange to relate, Mak Asing's immediate predecessor in the scavenging and night-soil contract, Alung, in whose employment Mak Asing had been, also committed suicide by opium poisoning, at Canton, while carrying on the contract. At least, such was the general report in the colony at the time he died.

THERE are 200,000 commercial travellers in the United States. They cost their employers, it is estimated, \$600,000,000 a year.

It may interest careful house-wives and the promoters of the new Laundry Company to know that linen is now bleached by electricity.

By kind permission of Col. Parnell and the officers of the "Buffs," the band of the regiment will play a selection of music on the Cricket Ground, on Saturday afternoon next, the 17th instant, commencing at 4 p.m.

WHEN a man goes to law he does not stop to count the cost. He leaves the solicitor to do that, and it is an invariable rule that none of the items are omitted or undercharged. We ought to know. *Experientia docet.*

BARRADOES is by far the most prosperous of the West Indian colonies, a circumstance chiefly due to the intense attachment of the negroes to their native land. The population is over 1,000 to the square mile, and the negroes, consequently, have to work for a living; hence the planters' prosperity.

A MAN was quietly munching on a piece of pie in a dining saloon when a look of distress suddenly displaced the serene expression on his face. Taking something from his teeth and looking at it, he cried to the waiter, "Here, you! There's a stone I found in this pie." The waiter took it, glanced at it critically, and, handing it back, briefly said: "It's no good to us, you can have it."

"DOUBLE ENTENDRE" used as a noun by so many English people, is a simple barbarism, the correct expression being "double entente" as every French scholar is perfectly aware. A serious error often made, both in Parliament and the press, is in the statement that the demand creates the supply, and on the basis of the false theory numberless fallacies are erected. Students of Adam Smith know well enough that although demand affects supply it does not create it. On the other hand, it is supply that creates the demand. There was no demand for stockings or steam engines until they were invented—that is, until there was a supply of them.

"GOVERNOR BOWEN will merit the sincerest thanks of the people of Hongkong if he obtains for them this valuable institution, and it would be a graceful act and a well merited compliment, if—in acknowledgment, the suggestion of 'Banian' were adopted, and the new recreation ground styled the Bowen Park." Thus the *Daily Press*. Could a subject toadyism go much further than this? We think not. Fortunately Governor Bowen, amidst certain weaknesses not altogether unknown in far greater men, has too much sound sense to allow himself to be gulled by such sickening nonsense as this so-called suggestion of "Banian." It would be an unpardonable act of Vandalism to attempt to change such a time honored and thoroughly appropriate name for a public recreation ground as "The Happy Valley," and we feel assured that a gentleman and a scholar like His Excellency would be the first to protest against such execrable taste.

WE read that the attention of the Indian Government has been drawn to a new plant, which is common in southern India, and yields abundant supplies of pure caoutchouc. It is an apocynaceous plant called *Prunella glandulifera*, the native habitat of which appears to be in the forests of Cochin China, where the liquid juice is often employed in medicine by the Annamites and Cambodians. In China it is called *tchuking*, and is a frequent ingredient in the Chinese materia medica, in the shape of blackened fragments of bark and small pieces of twigs. It is imported into that country from Cochin China, the price of the bark after being smoke-dried being about twenty shillings the picul (133 pounds). When broken the twigs are seen to contain an abundance of caoutchouc, which can be drawn out into threads, as in the East African Landolphia. The plant may be propagated by cuttings, and M. Pierre, director of the Botanic Gardens at Saigon, thinks that it may be planted in forest reserves when the trees are not less than ten years old, and that an addition may be made to Indian forestry of great economic value.

It does appear passing strange, says the *London*, that people persist in distressing themselves about the "increase of insanity" without making sure that there is an increase. Taking two sets of figures, the one showing the number of lunatics in asylums or in some way under official cognizance at one period, and the other reporting the number of such persons at a later period, in no way represents what has taken place in the interim. As often as new asylums are opened, there must needs be an "increase of insanity," such as the returns now furnished show, not only because "new cases" will be collected out of the general population, but because accumulation will commence to occur in the new asylum, as it has already occurred in the older institutions. The rate of discharge is never quite equal to the rate of admission, and, therefore, obviously the number resident at each successive period will be larger. The mistake commonly made is the assumption that the persons included in the Commissioner's returns represent the number of lunatics in the community. It may be either smaller or greater than the total of persons actually of unsound mind—probably it is much smaller, but in any case the increase of the asylum population does not necessarily, or even practically, imply an increase of insanity. The two statistical facts have no constant relation. It may be that insanity is on the whole increasing, but the insane are more carefully sifted out of the general population and brought under the cognizance of the Commissioners; or it may be that they are better cared for, and, therefore, live longer, so that each individual appears an increased number of times in the annual returns. Probably both these conditions are realized under the present regime. It is better to ascertain definitely whether it is a fact that the mad does weigh heavier in water before brains are worried and heads made to ache by the endeavor to solve a problem which, possibly, is not seriously proposed.

If our correspondents "A Friend in Need" and "Nil Desperandum" have any further information to disclose on the important subjects dealt with in their late communications, it will receive our best attention. Anything that has a tendency to further public interests will be impartially but fearlessly dealt with.

WAR between France and China may, and probably would, interfere with the cotton trade of the world. But if the over-production of cotton goods at home is reduced, and the raw material consequently brought down in price, there ought to be a good export demand for that staple. Habits of cleanliness are making great progress even among the filthiest nationalities of Europe, and cotton goods, provided they are cheap, have no end of a market.

IN the recent meeting between Bismarck and the Prince of Wales, the *Soleil* says the outspoken Chamberlain remarked:—"We and our friends would not only not oppose your annexation of Egypt, but would approve and even aid it if needed." The Prince replied that Mr. Gladstone was alone entitled to speak for England on this subject. Whereon Bismarck expressed himself so disrespectfully on the subject of the English Premier's want of patriotism and judgment, that the Prince of Wales abstained from repeating the Chancellor's words.

The latest destroyer, Mr. F. M. Shields, inventor of Coopwood, Miss., writes as follows:—"I have received letters patent No. 282,787, Aug. 7, 1883, on my big gun, the 'Mississippi Sweepstakes.' The gun shoots 4,000 balls at the explosion of one cap. It will kill and wound 800 men out of a regiment of 1,000 men at a distance of 100 yards. It has forty-nine barrels all combined in one, and each barrel shooting one degree and twelve minutes on a horizontal plain from the others. Shooting a distance of 100 yards, it will cover a space of 100 yards, filling a vast long field."

We confess, with a profound sense of shame that we have been outrageously 'got at.' Priding ourselves, as we do, on our strict loyalty to our constituents, we feel deeply humiliated at having unconsciously attempted to impose on a good-natured public. Such, however, is the usual fate of greatness. Let us unbosom ourselves. In our yesterday's issue we published what was handed to us as the Poet Laureate's elegy on the late lamented Mr. John Brown, written by express command of Her Majesty the Queen. The poem was certainly in the truly Tennysonian style, and although the literary genius who brought us the sacred treasure smelt, rather strongly of Hoboken's best sweetener, and had no heels on his boots worth mentioning, his plausible yarn about Tennyson being his uncle's sister's third cousin twice removed, and having specially "wired" the idyllic gem to Hongkong so that the *Telegraph* should be first in the field, removed our lingering doubts and induced us to open our purse strings very wide for the exclusive copyright in the *Far East*. The elegy appeared in due course, and the 'employees of the Great Northern and Eastern Extension Telegraph Companies' have been busily engaged since 4.30 last afternoon in wiring the Laureate's latest throughout the four quarters of the habitable globe. The number of congratulations we have received on our indomitable enterprise would hardly be credited—by those who know anything of Hongkong journalism. Suffice it to say, that our office boy has worn out the soles of three pairs of Ling Shing's best double clumpers in running between our headquarters in Peddar's Hill and Marine House. And when our hopes ran high and bright visions of honorary degrees from all the learned institutions in Europe and America were assuming tangible shape, a telegram arrived which shattered all our brilliant expectations. The message was brief, but to the point:—Laureate, Bulletin office, Sydney, to *Hongkong Telegraph*. Brown's elegy a fraud; herewith original. Send at once. And then followed what our friend Alfred called the original. We were not aware that Mr. Tennyson was in the New South Wales capital, we have our doubts even now, and so we have not sent the "thousand" asked for, but we shall send by first mail one thousand copies of the original poem, which, with many apologies, we now submit to the cultured consideration of our aesthetic readers.

THE following notice is published by the *Telegraph*:—"This notice is published by a Nation's poet, to say that the poet who has died a royal poet, with matches will still always 'keep his place.' It was indeed, but perhaps with the help of the poet's own words, as you might say, 'The Value of England grows that you may be well cared for in your present place.' J.B."

This is copyright. Plagiarism will be rigorously prosecuted. We are having the choice *morose* set to music. Bill-stickers beware.

CITY HALL.

The annual general meeting of shareholders, in and subscribers to, the above institution was held this afternoon in the City Hall Library.

There were present:—Messrs. F. B. Johnston, (Chairman), W. H. Forbes, F. D. Sassoon, D. Rutimjee, A. P. MacEwan, H. L. Dalrymple, and H. L. Denny, (Secretary). The minutes of the last general meeting were read and confirmed. The Chairman, in proposing the adoption of the report and accounts, said that he hoped that through the influence of His Excellency Governor Bowen, the newly reconstituted Legislative Council, the City Hall would be able to re-obtain the Government grant formerly given. The Hall itself needed the support of the European community as well as that of the Chinese. Owing, however, to the present stagnation of trade, the shareholders could not expect anything from the Chinese community save their bare subscriptions. If any gentleman had any questions to ask he would be pleased to answer them. No questions being asked, the Chairman, seconded by Mr. Forbes, proposed the adoption of the report and accounts, which was carried unanimously. The meeting then dispersed.

The following is the report:—"The last Annual Meeting was held on the 10th day of November, 1882."

MR. W. H. FORBES, having returned to the Colony, has resumed his seat on the Committee, which now consists of the Hon. F. B. Johnston (Chairman), Messrs. D. Rutimjee, F. D. Sassoon, W. H. Forbes, H. L. Dalrymple, and A. P. MacEwan.

The Hongkong Telegraph.

No. 561.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 14, 1883.

SIX DOLLARS PER QUARTER.

For Sale.

LANE, CRAWFORD & Co.
HAVE RECEIVED THE FOLLOWING
NEW GOODS.

FENDERS and Fire-irons.
New Fire-guards and Coal Vases,
Kerosine Cooking Stoves,
Hinks' "Duplex" Table Lamps in new designs,
New Folding Lamp Shades,
Linen "Dagmar" Shades,
"Sarotoga" Trunks and Ladies' Dress Trunks,
Travelling Bags and Hold-alls,
Despatch Boxes and Portfolios,
New "Slider" Playing Cards,
"Mogule" and "Squeezers" Call Balls,
Scrap Books, New Office Sundries,
Christmas Cards in New Frise Designs,
Menu and Name Cards,
Porcelain Menu Tablets,
Artists' Materials and new Canvases,
Air Beds and Cushions, New Cutlery,
Christy's Felt-Hats in New Shapes and Colours,
Ellwood's Felt-Hats on Cork,
Cricketing Caps and "Tam-o-Shanter" Caps,
Tennis Sets, Tennis Balls, Tennis Balls,
Cricket Bats, Balls and Stumps,
Guns and Sportsmen's Sundries,
Cope's Tobaccos, Fresh Golden Cloud,
Fresh Birdseye and Mixture,
Manna and Penang Cigars,
New Saddlery, Whips and Fly Switches,
Curry Combs and Brushes,
Saddles and Saddle-cloths.

LANE, CRAWFORD & Co.
Hongkong, 25th October, 1883. [140]

Amusements.

THEATRE ROYAL.
CITY HALL, HONGKONG.

THE LOFTUS TROUPE I
THE LOFTUS TROUPE II
THE LOFTUS TROUPE III

NOTICE.

THE Repertoire of the above Company is
now on view at Messrs. **KELLY & WALSH'S**. It contains Eighteen Pieces, from which intending Subscribers are respectfully requested to select the Twelve they wish to see performed, the Management to be guided by the majority, in order to give satisfaction.

THE PERFORMANCES
will commence about
THE 22ND OF THIS MONTH, NOVEMBER,
with
GILBERT AND SULLIVAN'S WORLD-FAMED
PIRATES OF PENZANCE!

PIRATES OF PENZANCE!!!
BARTLEY OBRIEN,
Agent.
Hongkong, 6th November, 1883. [83]

Notices of Firms.

CHINA TRADERS' INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.
NOTICE.

THE Undersigned has this day RESUMED his
DUTIES as SECRETARY of the Company.
By Order,
W. H. RAY,
Secretary.
Hongkong, 12th November, 1883. [84]

NOTICE.

FROM this date Messrs. **RUSSELL & Co.**
will conduct our Business at this Port, and
all Communications should be addressed to them.
Messrs. **RUSSELL & Co.** will also act as Agents
at this Port for our line of Steamers.
GEO. R. STEVENS & Co.
Hongkong, 1st August, 1883. [606]

To be Let.

TO LET.

THE PREMISES now occupied by us,
No. 11, Queen's Road Central.
For further Particulars, apply to Messrs.
RUSSELL & Co.
GEO. R. STEVENS & Co.
Hongkong, 1st August, 1883. [607]

APARTMENTS TO LET,
IN
ELGIN TERRACE.

FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED
ON
MODERATE TERMS.
Apply to
X. V. Z.
At the Office of this Paper.
Hongkong, 1st November, 1883. [818]

TO LET.

"BISNEE VILLA" Polkolum, Furnished.
No. 4, SEYMOUR TERRACE.
Apply to
DAVID SASSOON, SONS & Co.
Hongkong, 7th November, 1883. [7]

TO LET.

"STOCKWELL COTTAGE" near to the
Kowloon Club, British-Kowloon, containing
Four Rooms and Large Centre Room,
Servants' Rooms and Out-houses, Gardens and
Tennis Lawn, &c. Within Three Minutes Walk
of the Pier.
For Particulars, apply to
STEPHENS & HOLMES,
Solicitors.
Hongkong, 22nd September, 1883. [713]

A CARD.
PRIVATE BOARD AND LODGING
can be obtained for
SINGLE GENTLEMEN OR MARRIED COUPLES
AT
No. 4, QUEEN'S ROAD EAST.
Next Door to the Temperance Hall.
Terms Moderate.
Hongkong, 10th July, 1883. [1121]

Insurances.

GENERAL NOTICE.

THE ON TAI INSURANCE COMPANY,
(LIMITED).
CAPITAL TAELS 600,000, EQUAL \$833,333.33.
RESERVE FUND \$70,858.27.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:
LEE SING, Esq. | **LEE YAN LAM, Esq.**
LO YOK MOON, Esq. | **CHU CHIK NUNG, Esq.**
MANAGER—HO AMEL.

MARINE RISKS on GOODS, &c., taken at
CURRENT RATES to all parts of the world.

HEAD OFFICE, 8 & 9, PRAYA WEST,
Hongkong, 1st September, 1882. [670]

UNION-INSURANCE SOCIETY OF CANTON, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

A SECOND and FINAL BONUS of Five
per cent. on Contributions and a DIVI-
DEND of EIGHTEEN DOLLARS and TWENTY-
NINE CENTS per SHARE for the year 1882, will
be Payable on MONDAY, the 22nd instant.
Warrants may be had on application at the
Office of the Society on and after that date.

By Order of the Board,
DOUGLAS JONES,
Acting Secretary.
Hongkong, 22nd October, 1883. [794]

CHINA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
(LIMITED).

ADJUSTMENT OF BONUS FOR THE
YEAR 1882.

SHAREHOLDERS are hereby requested to
send in to this Office a List of their Con-
tributions of Premia for the year ended 31st
December last, in order that the proportion of
Profit for that year to be paid as Bonus to Con-
tributors may be arranged. Returns not sent in
before the 30th November next, will be made up
by the Company, and no subsequent claims or
alterations will be allowed.

By Order of the Directors,
JAS. B. COUGHTRIE,
Secretary.
Hongkong, 1st September, 1883. [673]

NOTICE.

THE MAN ON INSURANCE COMPANY,
(LIMITED).

(CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED.....\$1,000,000.)
The above Company is prepared to accept
MARINE RISKS at CURRENT RATES on GOODS,
&c. Policies granted to all Parts of the world
payable at any of its Agencies.

WOO LIN YUEN,
Secretary.
HEAD OFFICE,
No. 2, QUEEN'S ROAD WEST.
Hongkong, 1st February, 1882. [106]

YANGTSE INSURANCE ASSOCIATION.

CAPITAL (Fully Paid-up).....Tls. 420,000.00
PERMANENT RESERVE.....Tls. 230,000.00
SPECIAL RESERVE FUND.....Tls. 318,235.56

TOTAL CAPITAL and
ACCUMULATIONS, 31st
March, 1883.....Tls. 968,235.56

DIRECTORS:
F. D. HITCH, Esq., Chairman.
C. LUCAS, Esq. | **W. MEYERHOF, Esq.**
A. J. M. INVERARITY, Esq. | **G. H. WHEELER, Esq.**

HEAD OFFICE—SHANGHAI.
Messrs. **RUSSELL & Co., Secretaries.**

LONDON BRANCH.
Messrs. **BARKING BROTHERS & Co.,**
Bankers.

RICHARD BLACKWELL, Esq., Agent,
68 and 69, Cornhill, E.C.

Policies granted on MARINE RISKS to all
parts of the world.
Subject to a charge of 1 per cent. for Interest
on Shareholders' Capital, all the PROFITS of the
UNDERWRITING BUSINESS are annually dis-
tributed among all Contributors of Business (whether
Shareholders or not) in proportion to the
premium paid by them.

RUSSELL & Co.,
Agents.
Hongkong, 25th May, 1883. [83]

THE STRAITS INSURANCE COMPANY,
(LIMITED).

THE Undersigned having been appointed
AGENTS of the above Company are
prepared to grant Policies on MARINE RISKS
to all parts of the world at CURRENT RATES.
ARNHOLD, KARBERG & Co.
Hongkong, 3rd November, 1883. [827]

THE Undersigned have been appointed
AGENTS to the NEW YORK BOARD
of UNDERWRITERS.

ARNHOLD, KARBERG & Co.
Hongkong, 15th June, 1881.

RECORD OF AMERICAN and FOREIGN
SHIPPING.
Agents,
ARNHOLD, KARBERG & Co.
Hongkong, 15th June, 1881. [470]

NOTICE.

THE Undersigned have been appointed
Agents of the CHINA SHIPPERS'
MUTUAL STEAM NAVIGATION COM-
PANY, LIMITED.

ARNHOLD, KARBERG & Co.
Hongkong, 19th October, 1883. [786]

INTIMATION.

SIGNOR ANTONIO CATTANEO, of the
CONSERVATOIRE DE BERGAMO and late of
the ROYAL ITALIAN OPERA COMPANY has
the honor to inform the community that he has
arranged to remain in Hongkong, and will give
lessons in Music, Singing and the Piano-forte.
CHARGES STRICTLY MODERATE.
Address—Messrs. **KELLY & WALSH,**
Queen's Road.
Hongkong, 1st March, 1884. [168]

Intimations.

SAYLE & CO'S
SHOW-ROOMS.

NOW SHOWING EX S.S. "GLENFRUIN."

FIRST DELIVERY OF CHRISTMAS TOYS,
WRITING CASES, WORK BOXES,
PLUSH FRAMES, JEWEL CASES, &c., &c., &c.
Ladies' and Gentlemen's KID GLOVES in all colours and sizes.
FUR LINED KID GLOVES.
DRIVING GLOVES.
CLOTH GLOVES and MITTS.
Ladies' and Children's HOSIERY, suitable for the present Season.
FURS & FUR-TRIMMINGS in great variety.

TO ARRIVE PER S.S. "GLENLEAGUE."

SPECIALITIES IN CHRISTMAS CARDS.

SAYLE & CO.
VICTORIA EXCHANGE, HONGKONG. [730]

Hongkong, 1st November, 1883.

KELLY & WALSH'S
SELECTED LIST OF WORKS OF REFERENCE.

CRABBE'S English Synonyms.
Roget's Thesaurus of English Words.
Brewer's Dictionary of Phrase and Fable.
Shaw's Dictionary of Quotations, with Index
to 15,000 Words.
Grant White's Words and their Uses.
French on the Study of Words.
Minto's Manual of English Prose Literature.
Bartlett's Shakespere Phrase Book.
Every Man his own Lawyer.
Stanton's Chess Player's Hand Book.
Companion.
Anderson's Mercantile Letters.
Moon's The King's English.
Davenport Adam's Treasury of Modern Anec-
dote.
Scott's Ship owner's Telegraph Code, with
Supplement.
Wetmore's Commercial Telegraph Code,
specially adapted for the China Trade.
Oliver's Manual of Shipping Law.
Hill's Manual of Social and Business Forms.
Tate's Modern Gambist.
Gilbert on Banking.
Collin's History, Laws and Practice of Banking.
Money on Tea Cultivation.
Clark's Manual of Rules, Tables and Dates
for Mechanical Engineers.
Webster's Unabridged Dictionary, 1883
Edition.

Ogilvie's Imperial Dictionary, 5 vols. Imperial
8vo.
Chamber's Etymological Dictionary.
Routledge's Desk Dictionary, (a tiny, but very
complete volume, portable enough for the
waistcoat pocket.
Ogilvie's Smaller English Dictionary—the
best \$1 Dictionary in the market.
Griener's The Gun and its development, with
notes on Shooting.
Stonehenge's The Modern Sportsman's Gun
and Rifle.
Jouatt on the Horse.
Day's The Race Horse in Training.
Captain Hay's Horse Training and Manage-
ment.
Captain Hay's Riding on the Flat and across
Country.
Hopkin's Manual of Marine Insurance.
The Letter Writer of Modern Society.
Society Small Talk.
Manners and Tone of Good Society.
Etiquette of Good Society.
Ward's Sensible Etiquette.
Devendish on Whist.
Duffon on Billiards.
Hoyle's Book of Games.
Watt's Graceful Riding.
Castell's Book of Sports and Pastimes.
Pittman's Complete System of Phonography.

KELLY & WALSH—HONGKONG.
Hongkong, 12th November, 1883. [560]

W. BREWER.

HAS LATELY RECEIVED.

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR CARDS
IN GREAT VARIETY.

LETT'S DIARIES FOR 1884.

GOLDEN CLOUD TOBACCO.
OLD JUDGE TOBACCO.
AMERICAN and RUSSIAN CIGARETTES.
CIGARETTE and CIGAR CASES in great variety.
THE SMOKERS SET, in Brass.
GROTESQUE BRASS ASH TRAYS.

NEW PHOTO FRAMES for Promenade Photographs.
EASEL PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS.
PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS in great variety and at all Prices.
POCKET BOOKS, PURSES, CARD CASES and BOTTLES in all kinds of Leathers.
A Quantity of NOVELTIES in PLUSH and BRASS GOODS.
NEW MECHANICAL TOYS.

W. BREWER,
QUEEN'S ROAD. [784]

Hongkong, 6th November, 1883.

EX S.S. "IRAQUADDY" & "GLENLEAGUE."

ROSE & CO.

ARE NOW SHOWING A CHOICE AND ELEGANT ASSORTMENT

MANTLES, JACKETS, ULSTERS,
DRESS MATERIALS

AND

OTHER GOODS SUITABLE FOR THE SEASON.

ALSO

A NEW DELIVERY OF

FELT AND BEAVER HATS.

Hongkong, 10th November, 1883.

CHS. J. GAUPP & CO.

CHRONOMETER, WATCH, AND
CLOCK-MAKERS.
JEWELLERS, SILVER-SMITHS, AND
OPTICIANS.
CHARTS and BOOKS.
NAUTICAL INSTRUMENTS.
SOLE AGENTS
for Louis Audemars' Watches, awarded the
highest Prize at every Exhibition; and
for Voigtlander and Sohn's
CELEBRATED OPERA GLASSES, MARINE
GLASSES, and SPYGLASSES.
No. 38, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL. [778]

WILLIAM SCHMIDT & CO.

GUNMAKERS & AMMUNITION
DEALERS.
BEACONFIELD ARCADE.
Arms, Ammunition, and Requisites of
every description.
Arms Repaired, Cleaned, or Converted at
moderate charges.
Sporting Guns and Ammunition always
on hand. [79]

Auctions.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

MR. J. M. GUEDES has received instruc-
tions from Mr. EDWARD JAMES ACKROYD,
Receiver of the Estate of NG CHEONG to Sell
by Public Auction

TO-MORROW.

the 15th November, 1883, at 3 O'CLOCK P.M.,
at the Premises,
A VALUABLE LEASEHOLD PROPERTY,
Comprising—

All those Pieces or Parcels of GROUND
Situate at YAU-MA-TEE, British Kowloon,
in the Colony of Hongkong and Registered
in the Land Office as the Remaining Portion
of Kowloon MARINE LOT No. 39,
Section A B C H and I and the Remaining
Portion of Kowloon INLAND LOT No. 43,
Section C of Kowloon INLAND LOT No. 106,
and Section B of Kowloon INLAND
LOT No. 107, held for the respective re-
sidues of the terms of 75 years respectively.
The property will be offered for Sale in 13
Lots as follows:—

All those premises respectively known as,
Lot 1—The Tenement No. 20 Praya, proportion
of annual Crown Rent \$1.72.
Lot 2—The Tenement No. 21 Praya, proportion
of annual Crown Rent \$1.72.
Lot 3—The Tenement No. 35 Station Street,
proportion of annual Crown Rent \$1.72.
Lot 4—The Tenement No. 38 Station Street,
proportion of annual Crown Rent \$1.72.
Lot 5—The Tenement No. 90 Station Street,
proportion of annual Crown Rent \$1.72.
Lot 6—The Tenement No. 63 Temple Street,
proportion of annual Crown Rent \$1.72.
Lot 7—The Tenement No. 65 Temple Street,
proportion of annual Crown Rent \$1.72.
Lot 8—The Tenement No. 67 Temple Street,
proportion of annual Crown Rent \$1.72.
Lot 9—The Tenement No. 69 Temple Street,
proportion of annual Crown Rent \$1.72.
Lot 10—The Tenement No. 73 Temple Street,
proportion of annual Crown Rent \$1.72.
Lot 11—The Tenement No. 75 Temple Street,
proportion of annual Crown Rent \$1.72.
Lot 12—The Tenement No. 21 Fuk-Shing-lane,
proportion of annual Crown Rent \$1.72.
Lot 13—All that Piece of VACANT GROUND
situate between the Tenements Nos. 26 and
30 Temple Street, proportion of annual
Crown Rent \$1.82.

The Lots will be sold subject to the existing
lettings and tenancies thereof respectively.
For Further Particulars and Conditions of
Sale, apply to

BERETON, WOTTON, & DEACON,
Solicitors for the Vendor,
35, Queen's Road,
Hongkong,
or to
J. M. GUEDES,
Auctioneer,
Hongkong. [840]

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned has received instructions
from the MORTGAGEE, to Sell by Public
Auction, on

TUESDAY,

the 20th November, 1883, at THREE P.M.,
at the Premises,
THE

VALUABLE LEASEHOLD PROPERTY,
Situate in Hollywood Road,
Victoria, Hongkong,
Comprising—

All those Pieces or Parcels of GROUND,
registered in the Land Office as Sections
A, B, C, D and E, INLAND LOT No. 702,
with the Remaining Portion of INLAND
LOT 702, with the Messuages and Tenements
thereon being Nos. 239, 237, 235,
and Nos. 217, 215 and 213, Hollywood Road.
For Further Particulars and Conditions of
Sale, apply to

J. M. GUEDES,
Auctioneer.
Hongkong, 13th November, 1883. [830]

Intimations.

HONGKONG HOTEL COMPANY,
(LIMITED).

NOTICE.

ON and after the 1st December, 1883, the
BUSINESS of the HOTEL will be con-
ducted by the Company. Pending the comple-
tion of the proposed alterations and repairs the
DIRECTORS solicit the indulgence of the
Public for any inconvenience which may be
caused thereby.

By Order of the Directors,
LOUIS HAUSCHILD,
Secretary.
Hongkong, 7th November, 1883. [841]

HONGKONG HOTEL COMPANY,
(LIMITED).

NOTICE TO DAILY BOARDERS.

UNtil further notice the Charges now
prevailing will be continued after the 1st
proximo.

By Order of the Directors,
LOUIS HAUSCHILD,
Secretary.
Hongkong, 8th November, 1883. [844]

HONGKONG CLUB.

NOTICE TO MEMBERS.

IT having been found impracticable to make
a correct Catalogue of the CLUB LIBRARY
without calling in the Books and Closing
the Room for about ONE WEEK, MEMBERS
are particularly requested to RETURN ALL
BOOKS, in circulation, on or before the 15th
November instant. No works will be issued
after the 15th November.

Any works or odd volumes belonging
to the Club if returned, will be thankfully re-
ceived, and Books taken out and not returned
will be charged to the Members in whose names
they are entered.

By Order of the General Committee,
A. O'D. GOURDIN,
Acting Secretary.
Hongkong, 6th November, 1883. [833]

J. M. GUEDES.

HOUSE AND LAND BROKER
AND AUCTIONEER AND COMMISSION
AGENT.
No. 35, WILKINSON STREET, HONGKONG.
Hongkong, 29th January, 1883. [19]

Shipping.

STEAMERS.

FOR SYDNEY AND MELBOURNE.
(Calling at PORT DARWIN and QUEENSLAND
PORTS, and taking through Cargo to NEW
ZEALAND, NEW CALEDONIA,
TASMANIA and Fiji.)
THE Eastern and Australian Steamship
Company's Steamer
"TANNADICE,"

Captain S. G. Green, will be despatched as
above on THURSDAY, the 22nd instant, at
FOUR P.M.

Parcels (all of which must be sent to our Office)
will be received up to 4 P.M., on the 21st instant.
Contents and Value of the Packages must be
declared.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.,
Agents.

Hongkong, 12th November, 1883. [853]

THE AUSTRALASIA, CHINA, JAPAN
AND STRAITS STEAMSHIP
COMPANY, LIMITED.

FOR SYDNEY, MELBOURNE AND
ADELAIDE.
(Calling at PORT DARWIN and QUEENSLAND
PORTS, and taking through Cargo to
NEW ZEALAND and TASMANIA
PORTS, NEW CALEDONIA
and Fiji.)

THE Steamship.

"SUEZ,"
Captain Dodd, will be despatched as above, on
TUESDAY, the 4th December, at FOUR P.M.
For Freight or Passage, apply to
RUSSELL & Co.,
General Managers.
Hongkong, 10th November, 1883. [850]

SAILING VESSELS.

FOR LONDON.

THE A. I. British Bark

"WILLIAM MANSON,"
Kindred, Master, will load here for the above
Port, and will have quick despatch.
For Freight, apply to
RUSSELL & Co.,
Hongkong, 8th November, 1883. [843]

FOR NEW YORK.

THE 3/3 L. I. German Ship

"OTTO,"
Fortmann, Master, will load here for the above
Port, and will have quick despatch.
For Freight, apply to
RUSSELL & Co.,
Hongkong, 1st November, 1883. [819]

FOR NEW YORK.

THE 3/3 L. I. German Ship

"GUSTAV & OSCAR,"
Seemann, Master, will load here for the above
Port, and will have quick despatch.
For Freight, apply to
RUSSELL & Co.,
Hongkong, 25th October, 1883. [803]

Mails.

**OCCIDENTAL AND ORIENTAL STEAM-
SHIP COMPANY.**

TAKING CARGO AND PASSENGERS TO
JAPAN, THE UNITED STATES,
MEXICO,
CENTRAL AND SOUTH AMERICA, AND
EUROPE;
VIA

THE OVERLAND RAILWAYS,
AND
ATLANTIC AND OTHER CONNECTING
STEAMERS.

THE Steamship

"OCEANIC,"
will be despatched for San Francisco, via Yokohama,
with the option of calling at Honolulu, on
SATURDAY, the 17th November, at THREE P.M.

Connection being made at Yokohama with
Steamers from Shanghai and Japan Ports.
All PARCEL